ERISTAVI, K.D.; ODISHVILI, G.Ya.; KANDELAKI, D.I.; PAGAVA, G.D.

Homoplastics of the abdominal aorta in an experiment. Trudy Instekspei klinekhirei gemat. AN GruzeSSR 10:87-107 '62. (MIRA 16:2) (SURGERY, PLASTIC) (ABDOMINAL AORTA-SURGERY)

ERISTAVI, K.D.; ODISHVIII, G.Ya.; KSNOSLaki, D.J.

Homoplasty of the thoracis assta. Trudy Inst. sksp. i klin.
khir. i gemat. AN Gruz. SSR 11:3-14 '63. (Mina 17:8)

ERISTAVI, K.O.; ZHVANIYA, T.O.

Five years! experience in the use of radicactive loding in treating thyrotoxicosia. Trudy inst. eksp. i klin. khir. I gemat. AN Grun. SSR 11:81-86 (63. (MIRA 17.8)

ERISTAVI, K.D., akademik; GACHECHILADZE, M.G.; GONASHVILI, Sh.G; MACHABELI, M.S.

Fibrinolytic effect of the enzyme ficin from the sap of the fig tree. Soob. AN Gruz. SSR 30 no.5:667-670 My 163. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Institut eksperimental'noy i klinicheskoy khirurgii i gematologii AN GruzSSR. 2. Akademiya nauk Gruzinskoy SSR (for Eristavi).

ERISTAVI. K.D. akademik; DZHIMSHERASHVILI, P.I.; PAGAVA, G.D.

Some current problems of perfusion in an artificial blood circulation. Soob. AN Gruz. SSR 31 no. 3:727-728 S '63. (MIRA 17:7)

1. Akademiya nauk GruzSSR (for Eristavi).

MERCETAVI, E.D., akademik; BARDYCHEV, H.S.

Determination of the amount of blood shart in dags with a model of an open arterial flow by the oxyhemometric study of blood. Soob. All Gruz.SSR 32 no.3:669-672 D 163.

(MIR. 17:11)

1. Institut eksperimental'noy i klimichoology khirungii i gematologii Ali GruzSSR.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000 CIA

CIA-RDP86-00513R00041221

ERISTAVI, K. D.; SHARASHIDZE, L. K.; BULUSASHVILI, R. V.

"Cytochemical evidence of affection in central nervous system during different functional and pathological conditions of organism."

report submitted for 2nd Intl Cong, Histochemistry & Cytochemistry, Frankfurt, 16-21 Aug 64.

Toilisi.

Inst Experimental & Clinical Surgery & Hematology, AMS USSR, Kamo 43.

ERISTAVI, L. I., Cand Pharmac Sci -- (diss) "Fruits of U.

Japanese cinnamon as raw material for obtaining hard fat,

a substitute of cocoa butter, in medicine." Tbilisi,

With ill

Gruzmedgiz, 1957. 24 pp (Tbilisi State Med Inst), 200

copies (KL, 52-57, 113)

- 140 -

USSR/Cultivated Plants - Medicinal. Essential Oils. Toxins.

M-8

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Biol., No 7, 1958, 30100

Author

Eristavi, L.I.

Inst

: Tbilis Medical Institute.

Title

Several Properties of the Japanese Cinnamon as Medicinal

Raw Material.

Orig Pub

: Tr. Tbililissk. med. in-ta, 1957, 11, 47-62

Abstract

: A study was made of the Japanese cinnamon (Cinnamomum pedunculatum Presl), which grows on the Black Sea coast, as a possible raw material containing a substitute for the imported cocoa butter. Its heavy fat was complete suitable for the preparation of candles and balls according to the prescriptions of the Pharmacopeia of the USSR (8th). The butter and preparates from it are kept at a temperature not higher than 28°. Aside from the fat

Card 1/2

ERISTAVI L. I.

USSR/Cultivated Plants. Medicinal Plants. Essential Oil Plants.
Toxic Plants.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 8, 1958, No 34851

Author : Eristavi L.I.

Cinnamon (Cinnamonum Pedunculatum Prosl. ..

Orig Pub : Soobsheh. AN GruzSSR, 1956, 17, No 10, 913-120

Abstract: The solid fat content of the fruit of the Japanese cinnarion (Cinnarionum pedunculatum Presl.) growing on the littoral of

the Black Sea, on the basis of its physico-chemical properties, appears to be suitable as a substitute base raterial in replacing case butter imported into the Soviet Union. The fruit formation of the Japanese cinnamon, the determination of the location in plants of accumulations of essential and alighatic oils, and the chemical nature of other ratters con-

toined in the fruits are described.

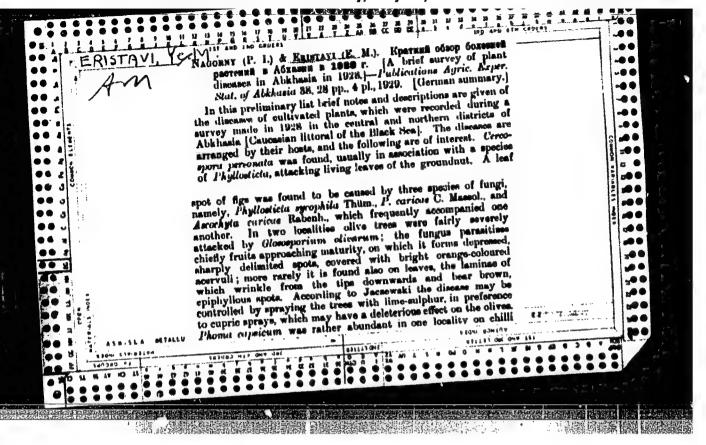
Card ? 1/1

ERISTAVI, Mikhail Sen	enovich / ULLLASE		1963/3	
	c' 1962			
GEOLOGY				
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ROYTBAK, A.; ERISTAVI, N.; Prinimala uchastiye KASHAKASHVILI, R.P.

Recruitment reaction in normal cats. Zhur. vys. nerv. deiat. 15 no.6:1014-1025 N-D '65. (MIRA 19:1)

1. Institut fiziologii AN GruzSSR, Tbilisi. Submitted June 16, 1965.



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000 CI/

CIA-RDP86-00513R00041221

ERISTAVI, YE.M.

Astrant, C. V.

"Virus Diseases of Plants in Germien SCP," in <u>Virus Diseases of Flants and Features for Their Centrel</u>, works of the Conference on Jimes Times of Flants 1870, Publishing Wurse of the Acade y of Science USCE, Vessey, 1741, pp. 204-306. <u>AAA.32 SOC.</u>

So: Sirr 3190-E, 15 Dec. 1953

TRIST VI, Ye. M.

Eristevi, Ye. and Chanturiya, N. "Virus dis ase of the Georgian mulberry tree," Truey In-te zashchity resteniy, (Akad. nauk Gruz. SSR), Vol. V, 16h, p. 1h9-51, - Bibliog: 15 items

SO: U-1931, 29 Oct 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 16, 1949).

- 1. ERISTAVI, YE. M., ISARLISHVILI, S. YA
- 2. USSR (600)
- 7. "Results of Preliminary Experiments in Testing the Eiological Method of Combatting Certain Causative Agents of Root Diseases", Trudy In-ta Zashchity Rasteniy AN Gruz. SSR (Works of the Institute of Plant Protection, Acad Sci Georgian SSR), Vol 7, 1950, pp 189-199.

9. Mikrobiologiya, Vol XXI, Issue 1, Moscow, Jan-Feb 1952, pp 121-132. Unclassified.

ERISTAVI, Ye.M.; TARGAMADZE, M.R.

Materials on the mycoflora of the Lagodekhi Preserve [in Georgian with summary in Russian]. Trudy Inst. sashch.rast.

All Gruz. SSR 9:247-269 *53. (MIRA 8:2)

(Lagodekhi Preserve--Fungi)

PRISTAUL SAME TARGAMADEL, M.R.

Ring spot in vegetables and other plants in the Georgian S.S.R. [in Georgian with summary in Russian]. Trudy Inst. zashch.rast. AN Gruz. SER 9:271-288 '53. (MIRA 8:2) (Georgia--Virus diseases of plants)

ERISTAVI, Z. A., CAND MED SOI, "PREGNANCY, LABOR, AND POSTNATAL PERIOD IN RETRACTED OBSTETRICAL ANAMNESIS."

MOSCOW, 1960. (MIN OF HEALTH USSR, CENTRAL INST FOR— L.

ADVANCED TRAINING OF PHYSICIANS). (KL, 2-61, 221).

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ERISTAVI, Z.K.

Measuring local erosion with different types of bridge supports. Scob. AN Gruz. SSR 36 no.1:139-142 0 '64.

(RIBA 18:3)

1. Institut gidrotekhniki i melioratsii, Tbilisi. Submitted June 26, 1964.

ERISTAVI, Z.A.

Labor in aggravated obstetric anamnesis. Nauch. rab. asp. i klin. ord. no.5:234-240 60. (MIRA 14:12)

1. Kafedra akusherstva i ginekologii (zav. prof. F.A.Syrovatko)
TSentral'nogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey.
(IABOR, COMPLICATED)

NIKOBADZE, I.I.; TATISHVILI, Ir.Ya.; KURCHISHVILI, I.B.;
ZHGENTI, V.K., akademik, red.; ZURABASHVILI, A.D.,
akademik, red.; KAVTARADZE, P.P., akademik, red.;
TSULUKIDZE, A.P., akademik, red.; FRISTAVIK K.D.,
akademik, red.; CHITAYA, G.S., red.; KHUNDADZE, G.R.,
zasl. deyatel nauki, prof., red.; MESKHIA, Sh.A.,
prof., red.

[Basic stages of the development of medicine in Georgia] Osnovnye etapy razvitila meditsiny v Gruzii. Tbilisi, Izd-vo "Metsniereba," 1964. 286 p. (MIRA 17:12)

1. Akademiya nauk Gruzinskoy SSR (for Zhgenti, Zurabashvili, Kavtaradze, TSulukidze, Eristavi). 2. Chlen-korrespondent AN Gruzinskoy SSR (for Chitaya, Khundadze, Meskhia).

- ERISTOV, 1.
- 1. YERISTOV, I.
- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Moving-Picture Projectors
- 7. Basic problem in the operation and repair of motion picture equipment, Kinomekhanik, No. 10, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, February 1953, Unclassified.

270-3
imachet obletok napornykh tumneley na vantrennee devlenie v neo marvincy uprugoy srede. Gidretokim. Stroit-vo, 1941, No. 3. 3. 1-5
30: LETOFIS! NO. 34

IN 74/41- 11

ERISTOV, V. S.

USER/Electricity

Rydroelectric Power

Reservoir

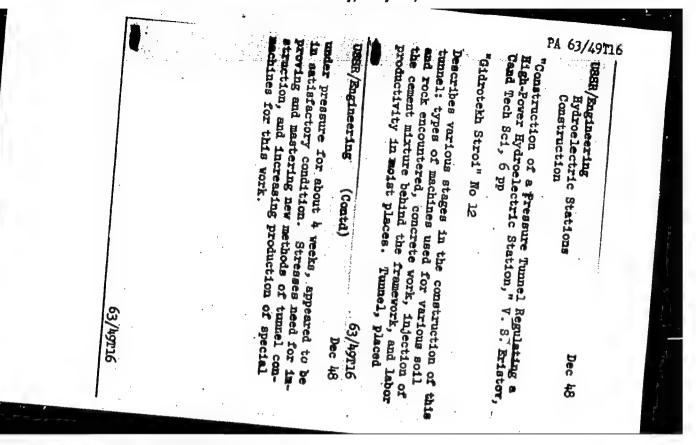
How 48

"Construction of a Pressure Tunnel for a High-Power, High-Head Regulated Plant," V. S. Eristov, Cand Teck Soi, 5 pp

"Gidrotekh Stroi" No 11

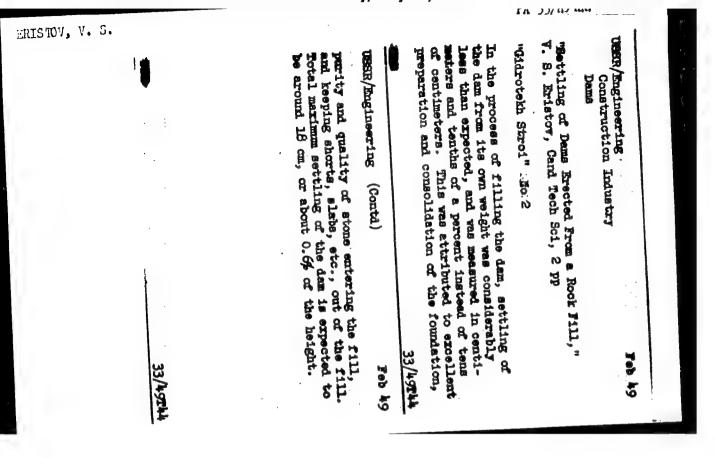
Described hydroelectric station, location of which is not given, is the first high-power, high-head regulated plant in the USSR. Tunnel, which develops pressure up to 6.5 atm, is about 8 km long and 3.20 meters in dismeter.

54/49733



35h30. Prochtirovanie I Sooruzhenie Obdelok Kaporno o Tolicdya. Trudy IV Voca proc Konf-toli Po Betonu I Zhelezobet n. Konstruktsiyam. Ch. 1. 4.-L., 1919, S. 149-38

SO: Letopis' Zhurnal'n kin Statey Vol. 34, Hoskva, 1949



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R00041221(

27083 ERISTOV, V. S. Raschet obdelok napornykh tunneley na vnutrenneye davieniye v neodnorodnoy uprugoy srede. Gidrotekhn. stroit-vo, 19h9, No.8, s. 1-5. SO: Letopis' Zhurnal'nykh Statey, Vol. 36, 19h9

Eristou, V.S.

Sub.ject : USSR/Hydr. Eng. AID P - 4007

Card 1/1 Pub. 35 - 14/18

Author : Eristov, V. S., Kand. Tech. Sci.

Title : Use of precast reinforced concrete at hydraulic con-

struction works in France and Morocco.

Periodical : Gidro. stroi., 8, 39-41, 1955

Abstract : Some details on the construction work on various dams

in these countries. Nine figures.

Institution: None

Submitted : No date

ERISTOV, V.S.

AID P - 1742

Subject

: USSR/Hydraulic Engineering Construction

Card 1/2

Pub. 35 - 1/21

Author

: Eristov, V. S., Chief, Technical Administration, Ministry

of Construction of Electric Power Plants

Title

: For a wider use of prefabricated reinforced concrete parts

and structures in hydro-power construction

Periodical: Gidr. stroi., v.24, no.2, 1-2, 1955

Abstract

The use of prefabricated reinforced concrete is strongly recommended in the construction of auxiliary shops, housing facilities and in some structures of hydropower developments, i.e. floors of powerhouses of small and medium capacity, control towers of navigation locks, numbers of bridges and construction trestles, etc. Insufficient facilities for the manufacturing of prefabricated concrete at construction sites and the lack

of experience of workers is criticized.

AID P - 1742

Gidr. stroi., v.24, no.2, 1-2, 1955

Card 2/2 Pub. 35 - 1/21

Institution: None

Submitted : No date

LIKIN, Vasiliy Vasil'yevich, inshener; ERISTOV, V.S., inshener, nauchnyy redaktor; BARSOV, M.V., redaktor izdatel'stva; VOLKOV, V.S., tekhnicheskiy redaktor; TCKER, A.M., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Installation of metal construction elements in hydraulic construction] Montash metallicheskikh konstruktsii gidrotekhnicheskikh soorushenii. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo lit-ry po stroit. i arkhitekture. 1956. 275 p. (MIRA 9:9)

(Hydraulic engineering) (Building, Iron and steel)

٠.

KRZHIZHANOVSKIY, G.M., akademik; AYVAZYAN, V.G.; ALAMPIYEV, P.M.;
BUYANOVSKIY, M.S.; VARTAZABOV, S.Ya.; VEYTS, V.I.; GUVIE, F.F.;
DYMITRASHKO, N.V.; KARAULOV, N.A.; KOCHARYAN, G.A.;
KRITSKIY, S.N.; LEBEDEV, M.M.; MURZAYEV, E.M.; FEL'DMAN, M.P.;
SHCHENGELIYAN, P.G.; ERISTOV, V.S.

Sukias Efremovich Manaserian; obituary. Isv.AN SSSR. Ser.geog. no.5:143-144 S-0 '56. (MLRA 9:11)

(Manaserian, Sukias Efremovich, 1881-1956)

BRISTOV, V.S., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

Consolidation of alluvium in the foundation of the Serres-Ponson dam. Gidr.stroi. 25 no.2:58-59 '56. (MLRA 9:8) (France--Dams)

ERISTOV, V.S.

Improve the quality of work in building hydroelectric power station projects. Gidr.strei.25 no.8:1-5 S '56. (MLRA 9:10)

ERISTOV, V.S., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

Conference under the auspices of the Committee for Electric Power in Geneva. Gidr.stroi. 25 no.11:58-59 D *56. (MLRA 10:1) (Geneva--Electric power--Congresses)

ERISTON, V

In the second truction in UNDR. Moseow, 1,57.
I v. (various paging) illus., grades, maps, tolles.
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Available also on Microfit -Reel 351.

Incules the lography.

BELYAKOV, A.A.: ERISTOV. V.S.; DEMENT'YEV, M.A.; BORODIN, P.V.; FOGEL'SON, S.B.; PLATONOV, V.A.; IORISH, Ye.L.; GAL'PERIN, R.S.

Letter to the editors. Gidr. stroi. 26 no. 4:52-53 Ap 157. (Dams) (MIRA 10:6)

MALENKOV, G.M.; PERVUKHIN, M.G.; KUCHERENKO, V.A.; ZHIMERIN, D.G.; LOGINOV, F.G.; PAVLENKO, A.S.; YERMAKOV, V.S.; VINTER, A.V.; DMITRIYEV, I.I.; UGORETS, I.I.; BEKHTIN, N.V.; VOZNESENSKIY, A.N.; VASILENKO, P.I.; BOROVOY, A.A.; NOSOV, R.P.; ERISTOV, V.S.; BELYAKOV, A.A.; RUSSO, G.A.; VASIL'YEV, A.F.; REPKIN, V.P.; TERMAN, I.A; ORLOV, G.M.; CHUMACHENKO, N.A.; BESCHINSKIY, A.A.; YAROSH, V.F.

Pavel Pavlovich Laupman; obituary. Gidr. stroi. 26 no.5:62 My '57. (Laupman, Pavel Pavlovich, 1887-1957) (MLRA 10:6)

8(6), 14(6, 10)

SOV/112-59-4-6665

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Elektrotekhnika, 1959, Nr 4, p 40 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Eristov, V. S.

TITLE: Advancement of Hydro-Engineering Science in the USSR

PERIODICAL: V sb.: Energ. str-vo SSSR za 40 let. M.-L., Gosenergoizdat, 1958, pp 64-70

ABSTRACT: A list of research institutes organized in the USSR since 1918 which contributed to a high level of hydro-engineering science is submitted. The domain of work and principal results are indicated for each institute.

Automation and remote control have been widely adopted; concrete plants, water-table-lowering systems, dredge control, etc., are automated; radio-active isotopes are used for checking welds, concrete, and pulp consistency; ultrasonic flaw detection, etc., is also used.

A.A.K.

Card 1/1

LOGINOV, F.G., red.; STEKLOV.: V.Yu., red.; ARISTOV, V.S., red.

[Construction of power installations in the U.S.S.R.; Soviet exhibit at the Brussels World Mair] Mhergeticheskoe stroitel'stvo SSSR; [sektisia SSSR na Vsemirnoi vystavke 1958 g. v Briussele].

Moskva, 1958. 1 v. (MIRA 11:9)

(Power plants) (Brussels--Exhibitions)

YAKUBOVSKIY, P.B., red.; BELYAYEV, B.I., red.; VOLNYANSKIY, A.K., red.;
KAMINSKIY, D.N., red.; KOL'TSOV, A.G., red.; KUREK, N.M., red.;
OVSYANKIN, V.I., red.; PRIVALOV, N.N., red.; KHRAMUSHIN, A.M.,
red.; ERISTOV, V.S., red.; UDOD, V.Ya., red.1zd-va; TENKINA,
Ye.L., tekhn.red.

[Papers and reports of the section on industrial construction, assembling and specialized work of the All-Union Conference on Construction] Doklady i soobshcheniia. Moskva, Gos.isd-vo lit-ry po stroit., arkhit. i stroit.materialam, 1958. 438 p.

1. Vsesoyusnoye soveshchaniye po stroitel'stvu. Moscow, 1958. Sektsiya promyshlennogo stroitel'stva, montashnykh i spetsialisi-rovannykh rabot.

(Building)

ZASYAD'KO, A.F.; KUCHERENKO, V.A.; PAVIENKO, A.S.; GRISHMANOV, I.A.;

PROLOV, V.S.; SHASHKOV, Z.A.; YRTREMOV, M.T.; SMIRHOV, M.S.;

CHIZHOV, D.G.; NOVIKOV, I.T.; NOSOV, R.P.; ASKOCHENSKIY, A.H.;

NEKRASOV, A.M.; LAVHKNENKO, K.D.; TARASOV, N.Ya.; GABDANK, K.A.;

LEVIN, I.A.; GINZBURG, S.Z.; ALEKSANDROV, A.P.; KOMZIN, I.V.;

OZEROV, I.W.; SOSNIN, L.A.; BELYAKOV, A.A.; NAYMUSHIN, I.I.;

INYUSHIN, M.V.; ACHKASOV, D.I.; RUSSO, G.A.; DROBYSHEV, A.I.;

PLATONOV, N.A.; ZHIMERIN, D.G.; PROMYSLOV, V.F.; ERISTOV, V.S.;

SAPOZHNIKOV, F.V.; KASATKIN, M.V.; ALEKSANDROV, N.Ya.; KOTHEWSKIY, D.G.

Fedor Georgievich Joginov; obituary. Elek.sta. 29 no.8:1-2 Ag '58. (MIRA 11:11) (Loginov, Fedor Georgievich, 1900-1958)

ERISTOV, V.S., red.; KORNILOV, A.M., red.; VORONIH, K.P., tekhn.red.

[Design and construction of high dams; materials of the conference on high dams] Proektirovanie i stroitel'stvo vysokikh plotin; po materialam soveshchaniia po vysokim plotinam. Pod obshchei red. V.S.Eristova. Moskva, Gos.energ.izd-vo, 1960. 196 p.

(MIRA 13:6)

1. Nauchno-tekhnicheskoye obshchestvo stroitel'noy industrii SSSR. 2. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR; Tekhnicheskoye upravleniye Ministerstva stroitel'stva elektrostentsiy SSSR (for Eristov). (Dams)

ERISTOV, V.S.

Development of and technical problems in the construction of hydroelectric projects. Gidr. stroi. 31 no. 12:23-35 D '60. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Glavnyy inzh. Tekhnicheskogo upravleniya Ministerstva stroitel'stva elektrostantsiy, chlen-korrespondent Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR. (Hydroelectric power stations—Design and construction)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R00041221

ERISTOV, Vissarion Sardionovick; TISTROVA, O.N., red.; BORUNOV, N.I., tekhn. red.

[Utilization of water resources in southeastern Asia and Australia] Ispol'zovanie vednykh resursov IUgo-Vostochnoi Azii i Avstralii. Moskva, Gos. energ. izd-vo, 1961. 158 p. (MIRA 14:10)

1. Chlen-kerrespondent Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR (for Eristov).

(Asia, Southeastern-Water resources development)
(Australia-Water resources development)

ERISTOV V. S.

MOVIKOV, I.T.; NEPORCZENIY, P.S.; LAVRENENKO, K.D.; BONDARGY, N.M.; PINGGENOV, Ya.I.; PINTONOV, N.A.; SHIKAGROV, I.S.; BLYAKOV, A.A.; SEV.ST'YAKOV, V.I.; FRISTOV, V.S.; ERISTOV, V.S. RAZIE, N.V.; MHATSAKANOV, L.H.; PLATONOV, V.A.; SHRULLER, B.K. SHKUPLDE, B.M.; ROZANOV, K.A.; LIVSHITS, A.Ya.; LOPATEN, N.A.; BYSTROV, P.S.

Sergei Borisovich Fogel'son. Gidr. stroi. 31 no. 1:59-60 Ja '61. (LIFA 14:2) (Fogel'son, Sergei Borisovich, 1911-1960)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R00041221

"Use of concesso in large-scale construction" by G.P. Patrov.
Reivewed by V.S. Eristov. Gidr. scroi. 31 no. 1: 11-62 Js. '61.
(M.M. 14:2)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Abadera - troitalietve i crkistek cry SSSR.

(Comerous cer. tanction) (letwov, G.D.)

ERISTOV, V.S.

Seventh International Congress of Large Dams; underground operations in the construction of large dams. Gidr. stroi. 32 no.3:53-59 Mr 62. (MIRA 16:7)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii stroitelistva i arkhitektury SSSR:

(Dams-Congresses) (Earthwork)

NOVIKOV, I.T.; NEPOROZHNIY, P.S.; GINZBURG, S.Z.; BELYAKOV, A.A.;

ERISTOV, V.S.; VOZNESENSKIY, A.N.; IVANTSOV, N.M.;

BOROVOY, A.A.; TERMAN, I.A.; ALEKSANDROV, B.K.;

YURINOV, D.M.; NOSOV, R.P.; MIKHAYLOV, A.V.; NICHIPOROVICH, A.A.;

AMELEV, A.S.; PROSKURYAKOV, B.V.; MENKEL, M.F.; KRITSKIY, S.N.;

BELYY, L.D.

Mikhail Evgen'evich Knorre. Gidr. stroi. 32 no.5: My '62.

(MIRA 15:5)

(Knorre, Mikhail Evgen'evich, 1876-1962)

ERISTOV, V.S.

Seventh International Congress on Large Dams; underground structures in the construction of large dams. Gidr. stroi. 32 no.6:49-59 Je 162. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii stroitel!stva i arkhitektury
BSSR.
(Dams)

KUPERMAN, V.L., inzh.; OBREZKOV, S.S., inzh.; ERISTOV, V.S., red.;
BOBRITSKIY, M.M., inzh., red.; MOSTKOV, V.M., inzh.,
red.; ROZANOV, K.A., inzh., red.; TAYCHER, S.I., inzh.,
red.; KORNILOV, A.M., red.; LARIONOV, G.Ye., tekhn.red.

[Design and construction of hydraulic tunnels and underground hydroelectric power stations] Proektirovanie i so-oruzhenie gidrotekhnicheskikh tunnelei i podzemnykh GES; materialy soveshchaniia. Moskva, Gosenergoizdat, 1963.

231 p. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR (for Eristov). (Hydroelectric power stations)

MOSTKOV, Vladimir Mikhaylovich; ERISTOV, V.S., retsenzent; CHECHKOV, L.V., red. izd-va; SHKLYAR, S.Ya., tekhn. red.; LOMILINA, L.N., tekhn. red.

[Construction of underground installations of large cross-section] Stroitel stvo podzemnykh scoruzhenii bol'shogo secheniia. Moskva, Gosgortekhizdat, 1963. 306 p.

(MIRA 16:7)

1. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR (for Eristov).

(Mining engineering)

ERISTOV, V.S., prof.

Construction and calculation of linings of high-pressure hydraulic tunnels. Gidr.stroi. 34 no.11:19-22 N '63. (MIRA 17:3)

TOKACHIROV, V. A.; FELORENKO, A.; ROSA, S. A.; ERISTOV, V. S.

"Studies of deformation properties of rock foundations of high arch and gravity dams in the USSR."

report presented at the 32nd Exec Mtg & 8th Intl Conf, Intl Comm on Large Dams, Edinburgh, 4-8 May 64.

ERITS Kh.E.

USSR/Endocrino System

S-5

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 5, 1958, No 21798

: Aunap, E.F., Erits, Kh.E. Author

: A Contribution to the Question of the Vascularization of the Inst

Thyroid Gland In Men. Communication I. Title

Orig Pub : Uch. zap. Tortusk. un-ta, 1956, vyp. 40, 53-62

Abstract : A study wasmade of the interlobular and intralobular vessels and of the espillary network of the human thyroid gland on the specimens with the blocd vessels which were naturally injected with erythrocytes (the sections of 14 cases of asphyxia were used). Wide and short (100-200 microns) intralobular arterioles were found which did not anastomose but formed widelooped capillary notworks (12-22 microns in diameter). They form enastomoses with each other and ompty into numerous thin-walled broad venules in contiguous follicles. Interlobular voins are almost completely devoid of the circular muscle fibers. No arteriovenous anastoneses were found in

: 1/2 Card

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R00041221

ERITSYAN, 0.8.

Investigation of lines. Izv.AN Arm.SSR.Ser.fiz.-mat.nauk 15 no.4:85-88 '62. (MIRA 15:8)

The ARTS-Ol automatic electrothermal unit. Priborostroenie no.3:29
Mr '57. (MLRA 10:5)

(Thermometers)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000 CIA-RI

CIA-RDP86-00513R00041221

ERIUM, F.S.

Arterial mechanical oscillographs. Priborostroenie no.6:30-31
Je 157. (Oscillograph)

CIA-RDP86-00513R00041221

. 10(0) AUTHOR:

Erium, F. S., Engineer

SOY/119-59-2-11/17

TITLE:

Apparatus for Analyzing the Quality of Products During the Flow (Pribory dlya analiza kachestva produktov v potoke)

PERIODICAL:

Priborostroyeniye, 1959, Nr 2, pp 25 - 27 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Automatic Refractometer. The apparatus RAN-57 is intended to serve for analyzing quantitatively a composition of 2 substances at the processing of petroleum or chemical products or also of foodstuffs. The increment Δn is recorded in comparison to a standard. A light beam penetrates both a cuvette filled with a standard solution and a cuvette containing the sample. Both cuvettes are separated by a molten quartz screen. In the case where in the cuvettes are liquids with different refraction indices n the beam is deflected by 2 prisms to 2 photocells. The voltage difference at the output of these two photocells is increased and used for actuating an electric motor. This motor is kept in operation as long as both prisms come into that position where both photocells are lighted with the same brig thess. If this is attained a dial gage connected with a potentiometer, type EPP-09

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Apparatus for Analyzing the Quality of Products During SOV/

SOV/119-59-2-11/17

indicates the position "O". For safety reasons, the entire apparatus is housed in an airtight case. The accuracy of measurement amounts $\pm 2.10^{-2}$ n (n = refraction index). The apparatus is equipped with a thermostat keeping the test liquid on 20 \pm 2°C. The apparatus was developed by A. M. Ruvinskiy and V. S. Sukhomlinov. Apparatus for automatically detecting petroleum in water. The apparatus serves for automatic analysis of the quantity of oil or petroleum refining residue in the sewage of petroleum refineries. The test results are graphically recorded. By means of this apparatus PONV-57 samples are automatically taken out of the sewage and supplied to the apparatus. The distance between apparatus and the place where the samples are taken should not be longer than 400 m. The measuring method is the following: when an ultraviolet ray passes through a cuvette containing the sample and through a cuvette containing the standard solution, a luminescence of different intensity in each of them is excited. The luminescent radiation arrives at a multiplier FEU-17 in which the light energy is transformed into electric

Card 2/6'

Apparatus for Analyzing the quality of Products During the Flow

SOV/119-59-2-11/17

currents. These are now recorded by the potentiometer EPP-09. The apparatus PONV-57 consists of 4 sets and is apt for detecting the presence of petroleum residues of 200-250 mg/l in the sewages. The accuracy amounts \pm 10% and the connected value is 2 kW. The development of this apparatus was supervised by L. A. Imanuilov. Automatic colorimeter. The automatic colorimeter AKN-57 works on the following principle: a light ray is directed through two optically equal channels to a photomultiplier. A disk is inserted into the path of the beam rotating at a speed of 1300 rpm. The disk is provided with 2 series of holes arranged in such a way that the beam passing through the standard cuvette arrives, for example, through the lower series of holes at the multiplier. The beam passing through the test cuvette comes to the multiplier through the upper series of holes. At normal operation the luminous flux of both channels is recorded and the resulting photocurrent is of sine-shape and wears single prongs. These signals are after their amplification conducted to the potentiometer EPP-09. The potentiometer amplifier works with 2 valves the

Card 3/6

Apparatus for Analyzing the Quality of Products During the Flow

SOV/119-59-2-11/17

one serving as amplitudevoltmeter and the other one as rectifier. The amplifier transformers are such dimensioned that, at the same light absorption in both cuvettes, the impulse amplitude given on one grid is equal to the amplitude of a sine voltage supplied to the grid of the 2nd valve. Due to this, at the cathodes of the valves of the amplitude voltmeter constant voltages will occur. One of them is proportional to the impulse amplitude the other one to the amplitude of the a.c.component. The d.c.voltages are now transmitted to the next valve, i.e. the rectifier. In case the color intensity of the petroleum sample varies, different voltages will be conducted to the rectifier and consequently an alternating component which starts the motor of a rheostat will occur at the transformer output. The rotation of the rheostat lasts until this alternating component disappears. The apparatus is housed in a safety case. It consists of the colorimeter, the potentiometer EPP-09, the stabilizer ST-250 and a 220/127 V transformer and was developed by V. O. Bukler, I. Ya. Shapiro, and I. L. Krymskiy. Apparatus for automatic determination of the flash point of petroleum products. By means of the

Card 4/6

Apparatus for Analyzing the Quality of Products During SOV/119-59-2-11/17 the Flow

apparatus PAVN-57 the flush point of different petroleum products lying between 25 and 130°C can be measured. The main part of the device consists in the explosion chamber which at certain time intervals is filled automatically with the petroleum product to be tested. The petroleum product is heated by an electric heater. When the mixture petroleum product - air attains a certain concentration it is ignited by an electric spark. The flack attent and the temperature are recorded by the potentiometer EPP-09. After the ignition, the explosion chamber is rinsed by compressed air and then refilled. The temporal course of the test procedure is controlled by a timing relay. Rinsing the chamber needs 13 s and filling it with the new sample 17 s. The determination of the flash point, depends on the ignitability of the sample and requires 1-10 minutes. For one test, 70 ml of the petroleum product are necessary. The apparatus is also apt for determining the deviation of the flash point from a given value by means of a thermocouple built in into the explosion chamber. The entire device consists of the apparatus PAVN, the control desk, the potentiometer EPP-09 and the rationing equipment.

Oard 5/6

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000

Apparatus for Analyzing the Quality of Products During SOV/119-59-2-11/17 the Flow

It was developed by M. P. Komissarova, I. A. Golubovskiy, and V. V. Khromtsov. There are 4 figures.

Card 6/6

9(6), 17(8) AUTHOR:

Erium, F. S.

507/119-59-4-16/18

TITLE:

Automatically Recording Medical Instruments (Samopishushchiye meditsinskiye pribory)

PERIODICAL:

Priborostroyeniye, 1959, Nr 4, pp 30-31 (USSE)

ABSTRACT:

The multichannel hemodynamical oscillograph of the type GOE-01 with a photographic recorder has been developed by the staff of the KTL "Biofizpribor" by order of the Institut terapii Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR (Institute of Therapy of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR). This instrument can be used for the comprehensive investigation of the functional state of peripheral blood circulation. The quantities which can be measured with this instrument are enumerated. This apparatus also provides for a simultaneous measurement of the pressure in two arteries according to the oscillator method. Furthermore it is possible to measure the pressure in veins simultaneously in both hands or legs (according to the volumetric method). The apparatus GOE- 1 also makes possible the recording of pulse curves at three points, and also the recording of one of the following variants of an electrocardiogram : I,II,III, aVL, aVR,aVF, cV.

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Automatically Recording Medical Instruments

SOV/119-59-4-16/18

The channels of the instrument (with the exception of the electrocardiographic one) are all designed on the principle of the transformation of a variable pressure into corresponding capacity changes of a specially designed condenser manometer. The instrument GOE-01 is also suited to scientific research work as well as to clinical practice in the diagnosis and the curing of heart- and circulatory diseases. It is a portable unit with a size of 1220 . 460 . 830 mm and with a weight of approximately 100 kg. The second part of this article treats of an instrument for the uninterrupted and automatic control of the heart and circulatory system during surgical operations. This instrument (of the type SKhE-01) has been developed by the staff of the KTB "Biofizpribor" by order of the Institut khirurgii Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR (Institute of Surgery of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR) from 1955 to 1957. It is suited for the uninterrupted and automatic control and the recording of the activity of the heart and the circulatory system and of respiration during surgical operations on the heart, of the brain and on other human organs. It can be used for scientific research work and animal experiments. The instrument of the type SKhE-01 is a portable

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Automatically Recording Medical Instruments

sov/119-59-4-16/18

electric multichannel instrument with a size of 925 . 670 . 775 mm and a weight of 80 kg. It is supplied from a. c. mains with 127 or 220 V \pm 10% and a frequency of 50 \pm 1 cy. It takes about 600 watts from the supply. Finally the limits of the measuring ranges of this instrument are given. There are 2 figures.

Card 3/3

9(6), 25(6)

Erium, F. S., Engineer

s/119/60/000/03/013/017 B014/B007

AUTHOR:

The Ultrasonic Viscosimeter, of the Type UZV-58

TITLE:

PERIODICAL:

Friborostroyeniye, 1960, Nr 3, pp 26-27 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The viscosimeter described here is intended for the permanent checking of viscosity of liquids in various branches of industry. It is based upon the measurement of the reaction of the liquid to be measured on a plane plate oscillating with ultrasonic frequency. By the vibrating plate shear waves (sdvigovyye volny) are excited in the liquid, which act upon the plate like a braking force. This force is a function of the viscosity and consistence of the liquid. Two varieties of this instrument are described. The block diagram of the first instrument is shown in figure 1. It operates with magnetostrictive transmitters and receivers, and the signal received by coil 2 (Fig 1) is amplified and conveyed to the measuring instrument. The second variety renders it possible to compare the viscosity of a liquid to be measured with that of a standard liquid (Fig 2). In this case it is possible, under certain

Card 1/2

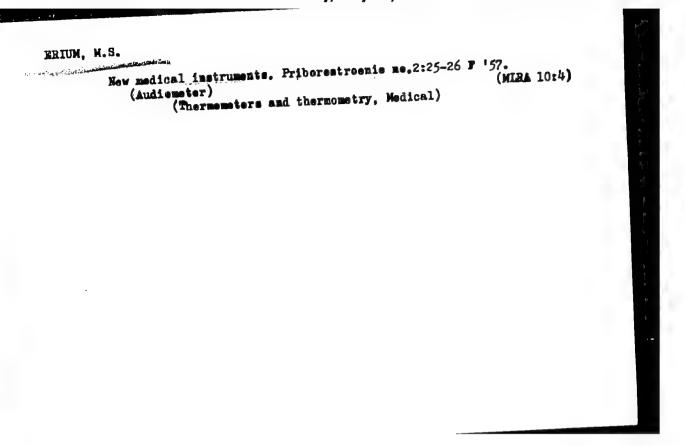
"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R00041221

The Ultrasonic Viscosimeter of the Type UZV-58

S/119/60/000/03/013/017 B014/B007

conditions, to neglect temperature influences. Details concerning the assembling of this instrument are given, and the fact is stressed that the distance between the two measuring. heads which measure the viscosities, may amount up to 100 m. The instruments may be used at temperatures of up to 120°C. There are 2 figures.

Card 2/2



SOV/137-58-9-19388

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 9, p 177 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Erivanly, N.M.

TITLE: Iron for Bushings of Deep-well Pumps and its Heat Treatment (Chugun dlya vtulok glubinnykh nasosov i yego termicheskaya

obrabotka)

Materialy Mezhvuz. nauchn. soveshchaniya po vopr. novoy PERIODICAL:

tekhn. v neft. promsti, 1958, Vol 3, pp 201-205

ABSTRACT:

An investigation was conducted with the purpose of developing a material and the development of a technological process for manufacturing bushings (B) for a deep-well pump that would make it possible to increase the life of the pump and simplify the whole procedure of its manufacture. The material which ensures the formation of cementite throughout the B in the centrifugal casting into the chill mold is an iron with an average chemical composition (in %) of C 2.7, Mn 1.0, Si 1.0. Bushings which after casting exhibit a completely pearliticledeburitic structure without graphite inclusions are subjected to malleablizing for the duration of ~28 hours. After the malleablizing all the B are checked for HB, which should be

Card 1/2

SOV/137-58-9-19388

7 Iron for Bushings of Deep-well Pumps and its Heat Treatment

180-220. It is established that the manufacture of B from malleable iron reduces factory rejects caused in casting and heat treatment, simplifies the process procedure, eliminating stepwise quenching after machining, and increases the precision in the manufacture of bushings.

A.B.

1. Bushing--Production 2. Iron--Applications 3. Iron--Processing

Card 2/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R00041221

ERIVANSKAYA, L. A.

Cand Chem Sci

"Investigation in the Field of Catalytic Dehydrocyclization of Paraffin Hydrocarbons." Sub 9 Apr 51, Moscow Inst of Fine Chemical Technology imeni M. V. Lomonosov.

Dissertations presented for science and engineering degrees in Moscow during 1951.

SO: Sum. No. 480, 9 May 55

- 1. DERIVANSKAYA, L. A.; KAGAN, M. YA.
- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Dehydrogenation
- 7. Kinetics of dehydrogenation of methylcyclohexane on a chrome-aluminum catalyst. Zhur. fiz. khim. 26 no. 8, 1952

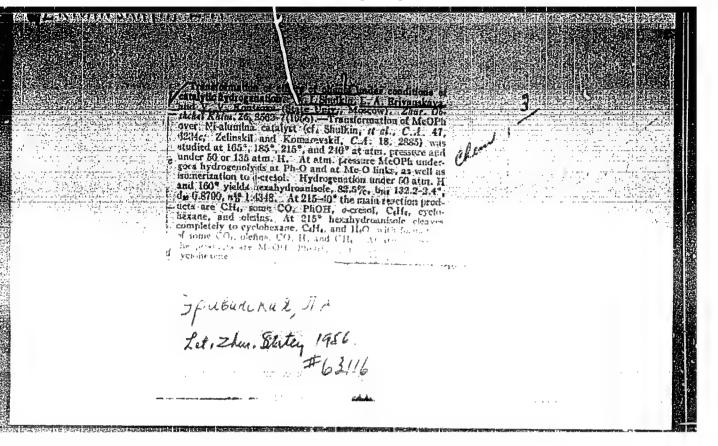
9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, _______1953, Unclassified.

ERIVANSKAYA, L. A., TROFILOVA, I. V. and KAGAN, N. Ya.

"The Mechanism of Catalytic Dehydrocyclization of Paraffin Hydrocarbons," Dokl. AN SSSR, 82, No. 6, pp 913-916, 1952.

Translation W-23159, 3 Jul 1952

Inst. of Fine Chem Tech im Lomonosov



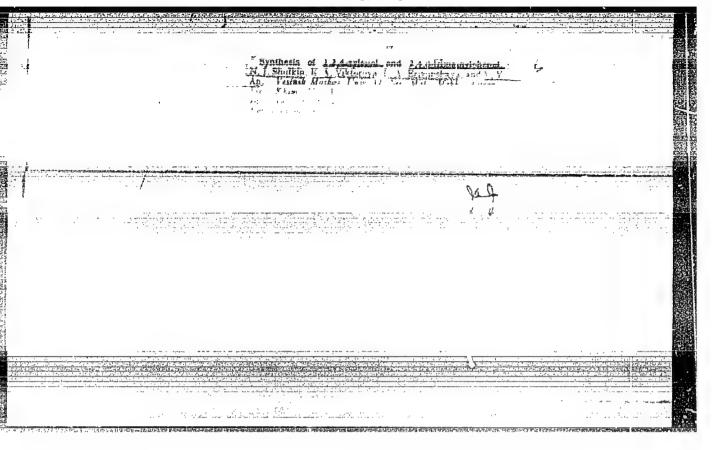
"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, July 27, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R00041221

ERIVANSKAYA, L.A.; KUZNETSOVA, R.Ye.

Contact-catalytic conversions of anisole and isomeric methylanisoles. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. mat., mekh., astron., fiz., khim. (MIRA 11:3) 12 no.3:135-139 '57.

1. Kafedra khimii nefti Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta. (Anisole) (Catalysis)



SHUYKIN, N.I.; ERIVANSKAYA, L.A.; AN, V.V.

Contact catalytic conversions of phenetole, n-propl and isopropyl phenol ethers in the presence of aluminum oxide. Vest. Kosk. un. Ser. mat., mekh., astron., fis. khim., 12 no.5:125-132 '57. (MIRA 11:9)

l.Kafedra khimii nefti Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta.
(Ethers) (Aluminum oxides)

JERWANSKAYA, LA

23

5(3) AUTHORS:

Shuykin, N.I., Erivanskaya, L.A.,

SOV/55-58-5-27/34

Korosteleva, G.S., Gogoberidze, G.V.

TITLE:

Catalytic Conversion of the Isoamyl Ester of n-Cresol and of the Cyclopentyl Ester of Phenol (Kataliticheskiye prevrashcheniya izoamilovogo efira n-krezola i tsiklopentilovogo

efira fenola)

PERIODICAL:

Vestnik Moskovskogo universiteta, Seriya matematiki, mekhaniki, astronomii, fiziķi, khimii , 1958, Nr 5, pp 181 - 186 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The transformations of the combinations mentioned in the title were investigated in presence of aluminum oxide under ordinary pressure, 150 - 2500 and for different volume velocities. It is supposed that for 1500 in presence of Zn Cl

(10 %) which was covered on Al₂O₃, a direct alkylation of the phenols by olefins (without the intermediate formation of phenolethers takes place. - There are 4 tables, and 8 references,

5 of which are Soviet, 2 American, and 1 German. Kafedra khimii nefti (Chair of Petroleum Chemistry)

ASSOCIATION:

December 16, 1957

SUBMITTED:

Card 1/1

. 4

PLATE, A.F., prof., otv.red.; GOSTUNSKAYA, I.V., red.; TITS-SKVORTSOVA, I.N., red.; ERIVANSKAYA, L.A., red.; KONDRASHKOVA, S.F., red.; YERMAKOV, M.S., tekhn.red.

[Collected studies of the interuniversity conference on chemistry of petroleum] Sbornik trudov meshvusovskogo soveshchaniya pokhimii nefti. Moskva, Isd-vo Mosk.univ., 1960. 313 p.

(MIRA 13:11)

1. Mezhvuzovskoye soveshchaniye po khimii nefti. 1956. (Petroleum)

SALIMOV, M.A.; VIKTOROVA, Ye.A.; ERIVANSKAYA, L.A.; SHUYKIN, N.I.

Infrared spectra of alkylphonols and their simple ethers. Azerb.

khim.zhur. no.6:99-105 '60. (MIRA 14.8)

(Phenol-Spectra)

3073.1

S/074/60/029/05/03/005 B008/B006

53400

AUT HORS:

Shuykin, N. I., Erivanskaya, L. A.

TITLE:

Catalytic Hydrogenation of Phenols

PERIODICAL:

Uspekhi khimii, 1960, Vol.29, No. 5, pp. 648-668

TEXT: An investigation of catalytic transformations occurring in the hydrogenation of phenols separated from higher fractions of primary resins, and in the hydrogenation of narrow fractions enriched in one or the other component was carried out. Sharp rectification- or chromatographic methods can be applied for separating these fractions. Previous research in the field of phenol transformation in hydrogenation is described in Refs. 1-8. Hydrogenation of phenols to hydroaromatic alcohols is discussed in Refs. 1, 9-91. Hydrogenations on platinum-, palladium-, copper-, and nickel catalysts are described. Hydrogenation of pure phenols can be carried out at comparatively low temperatures (up to 200°C) as well as at high- or atmospheric pressures in the presence of nickel-or platinum catalysts. Hydrogenation of industrial phenol mixtures is more difficult, owing to catalyst poisoning by sulfur-containing compounds. The reaction order of phenol hydrogenation is probably between zero and one. Which of the possible geometric isomers of the correspond-Card 1/4

Catalytic Hydrogenation of Phenols

S/074/60/029/05/03/005 B008/B006

ing alcohol is formed, depends on hydrogenation conditions. Published data on the properties of cis- and trans-methyl cyclohexanols and melting points of their derivatives are given in Table 1. Hydrogenation of phenols to hydroaromatic ketones is described in Refs. 29, 66, 78, 92-101. In general, alicyclic ketones can be prepared by hydrogenating the corresponding phenols. Yields of these ketones, however, depend not only on hydrogenation conditions, the nature of the catalyst, and the amount of hydrogen adsorbed, but also on the structure of the initial phenol. The reduction of phenols to aromatic hydrocarbons is discussed in Refs. 5, 102-154. Catalysts based on molybdenum are generally applied. Experimental- and thermodynamic data indicate that a pressure drop during the hydrogenation of phenols in the presence of molybdenum catalysts increases the yields of aromatic hydrocarbons. The reaction, however, is slower and accompanied by considerable charring. At higher temperatures, phenols tend to give various condensation reactions. The formation of alicyclic hydrocarbons in the hydrogenation of phenols to the corresponding alcohols was observed by many investigators (Refs. 27, 28, 31, 66, 113, 118, 137, 140, 141, 149, 155-160). These hydroaromatic hydrocarbons, however, were only formed in small quantities as by-products of hydroaromatic alcohols. In order to obtain alicyclic hydrocarbons Card 2/4

30739

Catalytic Hydrogenation of Phenols

S/0'4/60/029/05/03/005 BO'3/B 106

as main reaction product, the hydrogenation temp sature must be chosen high enough to ensure dehydration of the alcohole. The behavior of polynuclear phenols in hydrogenation reactions h.s not been investigated widely (Refs. 107, 128, 136, 141, 158, 161-19). High-pressure hydrogenation of these compounds in the presence of molybdenum catalysts yields hydrocarbon mixtures containing aromatic-, hydroaromatic-, and various other hydrocarbons. Phenol formation is also observed. Refs. 6, 169-213 deal with the destructive hydrogenation of higher phenols, by which lower phenols are obtained. Thermodynamically, dealkylation of phenols is also possible. It can be effected by cracking higher phenols, or, by reacting higher phenols, without a catalyst at higher temperatures. Yields of lower phenols, however, are small. Several patents (Refs. 199-204) recommend destructive transformations of phenols to be carried out not only in the presence of metal oxides and metal sulfides, but also in contact with cracking catalysts. The direction of the reaction can be determined by choosing appropriate conditions and catalyst admixtures. The following persons are mentioned: V. V. Tishchenko, M. A. Belopol'skiy, B. L., Moldavskiy, I. B. Rapoport, S. Ye. Lifshits, A. V. Lozovoy, M. K. D'yakova, V. N. Ipat'yev, N. A. Orlov, M. F. Shostakovskiy, V. V. Shabarov, Ye. A. Viktorova, I. Ye. Pokrovskaya, A. I.

X

Card 3/4

Catalytic Hydrogenation of Phenols

S/074/60/029/05/03/005 B008/B006

Afanas'yeva, V. F. Polozov, Ye. I. Sil'chenko, A. Bag, T. Yegupov, D. Volokitin, S. A. Deryabin, A. M. Yasnyy, A. P. Terent'yev, A. N. Guseva, I. N. Nazarov, Ye. N. Zil'berman, F. Fisher, N. Prokopchuk, Ye. I. Prokopets, I. I. Yeru, B. K. Klimov, I. F. Bogdanov, V. I. Bobyshev, M. P. Minchenkov, V. P. Konov, K. A. Alekseyeva, T. Gritsevich, V. Ilomanov, G. Z. Koshel', V. A. Lanin, M. V. Pronina, M. S. Knyazeva, V. I. Zabavin, M. I. Kuznetsov, K. A. Belov, N. P. Masina, V. Kalechits, F. G. Salimgareyeva, N. N. Vorozhtsov junior, and V. N. Lisitsyn. There are 1 table and 213 references, 58 of which are

1

ASSOCIATION:

Khimicheskiy fakul'tet MGU im. M. V. Lomonosova (Chemical Department of the MSU (Moscow State University) imeni M. V. Lomonosov)

Card 4/4

84652

and 5503, 1585 5.3300

s/020/60/133/005/033/034/XX B016/B060

AUTHORS:

Shuykin, N. I., Corresponding Member AS USSR, Erivanskaya,

L. A., and Yan Ay-si

TITLE:

Catalytic Dehydrocyclization of \$\beta-n-Butyl Naphthalene

PERIODICAL: Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1960, Vol. 133, No. 5,

pp. 1125 - 1127

TEXT: Of late, N. I. Shuykin (Refs. 4, 5) has proved that high-mclecular alkanes of normal structure (e.g., hexa-, hepta-, and octadecanes) undergo dehydrocyclization under certain conditions. Condensed systems of naphthalene, phenanthrene, benzanthracene and chrysene are then formed. In the work under consideration, the authors carried out the dehydrocyclization of \(\beta-n\)-butyl naphthalene to phenanthrene and anthracene. They established that, under the conditions applied here, a cyclization takes place at the d-carbon atom of the naphthalene ring, which is nearest to the butyl group, Phenanthrene is preferably formed in this case. The authors' experiments took place at 400, 450, 500, and 550°C, aluminum chromium (20% of chromium oxide) being used as a catalyst. The catalyst was regenerated

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84652

Catalytic Dehydrocyclization of \(\beta -n-Butyl \) Naphthalene

S/020/60/133/005/033/034/XX B016/B060

after each experiment. Table 1 gives the experimental results. It is stated that under the present conditions cracking does not play an important role. Their study has shown that \(\beta-n\)-butyl naphthalene in the presence of an aluminum-chromium catalyst easily undergoes dehydrocyclization at the eta--carbon atom to form phenanthrene (70 - 80% of the theoretical yield). The anthracene yield does not exceed 1,5 - 2% in this case. The investigation is being continued for the dehydrocyclization of other \beta- and \alpha-alkyl derivatives of naphthelene. Mention is made of papers by B. L. Moldavskiy, S. S. Nametkin, M. I. Khotimskaya, L. M. Rozenberg, and S. R. Sergiyenko. There are 1 table and 7 references: 5 Soviet and 1 US.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M. V. Lomonosova

(Moscow State University imeni M. V. Lomonosov)

SUBMITTED:

April 29, 1960

Card 2/2

SALIMOV, M.A.; ERIVANSKAYA, L.A.; SHUYKIN, H.I.

Infrared spectra of alkylphenols and their ethers. Report No.3: Infrared spectra of ethylphenols and their ethers. Azerb. khim.zhur. no.3:123-129 '61. (MIRA 14:11) (Phenols-Spectra)

SALIMOV, M. A.; ERIVANSKAYA, L. A.; SHUYKIN, N. I.

Infrared spectra of alkylphenols and their ethers. Report
No.4: Infrared spectra of some ethers of phenols. Azerb.khim.
zhur. no.4:93-100 '61. (MIRA 14:11)
(Phenols) (Ethers-Spectra)

SHUYKIN, N.I.; ERIVANSKAYA, L.A.; KOMISSAROVA, N.L.; YAN AY-SI [Yang Ai-hgi]

Catalytic dehydrocyclization of 2-n.hexly- and 2-sec.hexylnaphthalenes.

Isv. AN SSSR Otd.khim.nauk no.2:327-333 F 162.

(MIRA 15:2)

1. Moskvskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. M.V.Lomonosova.

(Naphthalene)

(Aromatization)

SHUYKIN, N.I.; ERIVANSKAYA, L.A.; YAN AY-SI [Yang Ai-hsi]

Catalytic dehydrocyclization of A-alkylnaphthalenes. Zhur.ob.-khim. 32 no.3:823-827 Mr '62. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni M.V.Lomonosova. (Naphthalene) (Aromatization)

8/058/63/000/003/030/104 A062/A101

AUTHORS:

Salimov, M. A., Erivanskaya, L. A., Shuykin, N. I.

TITLE:

Infrared spectra of alkyl phenols and their simple ethers. Report 5. Infrared spectra of some simple ethers of alkyl sub-

stituted phenols

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Fizika, no. 3, 1963, 31, abstract 3D212 ("Azerb. khim. zh.", 1962, no. 3, 67 - 73, summary in Azerb. lan-

guage)

Infrared spectra (4,000 -.400 cm-1) of some simple ethers of cre-TEXT: sols and 3,4-xylenol were obtained and examined. It was shown therein that the formation of ethers is accompanied by the disappearance of a number of bands, related to the oscillation of the hydroxyl group, and the appearance of intense bands 1,250 - 1,230 and 1,180 - 1,150 cm⁻¹ in the region of valent oscillations of the C-O bond. In the spectra of methyl ethers of cresol a sharp decrease of the intensity of the bands of methyl groups is observed. The spectra of ethers in the long wave region are much richer than the spectrum of the initial cresols. The formation of an ether group brings about the activation of a series of os-Card 1/2

Infrared spectra of alkyl phenols and...

S/058/63/0000/003/030/104
A062/A101

cillations of the aromatic ring and the appearance of def. oscillations of the C-0 bond ~500 - 480 cm⁻¹. For Report 4 see RZhFiz, 1962, 4V152.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

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